

Conditionals/Branching

```
exam1 = int(input("What is your first exam score? "))
exam2 = int(input("What is your second exam score? "))
exam3 = int(input("What is your third exam score? "))
average = (exam1 + exam2 + exam3) / 3
print("Your exam average is", average)
```

```
exam1 = int(input("What is your first exam score? "))
exam2 = int(input("What is your second exam score? "))
exam3 = int(input("What is your third exam score? "))
average = (exam1 + exam2 + exam3) / 3
```

```
extra_pts = int(input("How many extra credit points  
did you earn? "))
```

```
average = average + extra_pts
```

```
print("Your exam average is", average)
```

```
exam1 = int(input("What is your first exam score? "))
exam2 = int(input("What is your second exam score? "))
exam3 = int(input("What is your third exam score? "))
average = (exam1 + exam2 + exam3) / 3
```

```
choice = input("Did you do the extra assignment? ")
```

```
if choice == "yes":
```

```
    average = average + 5
```

```
print("Your exam average is", average)
```



"if"
statement

Statement



Statement



Statement



Statement



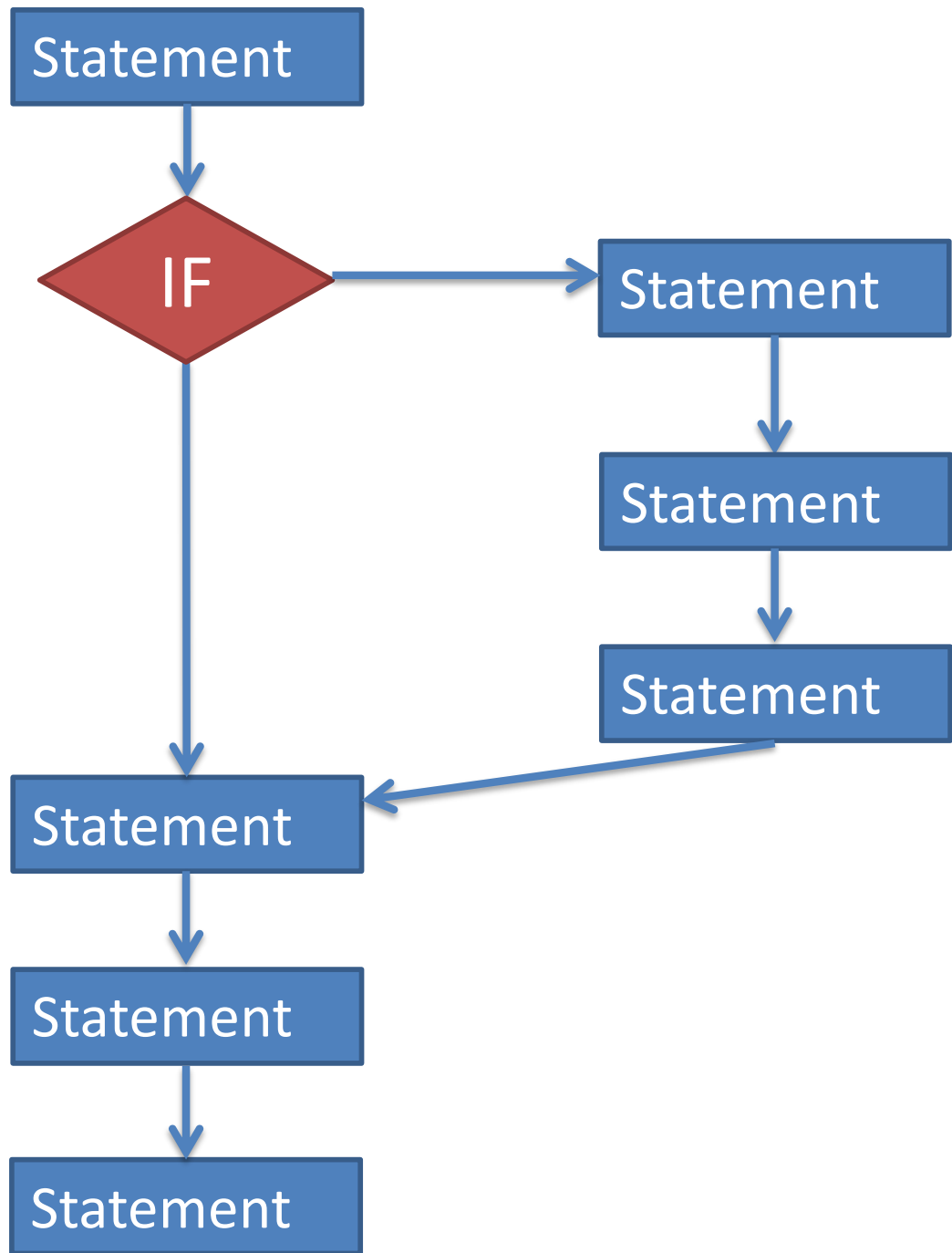
Statement



Statement



Statement



if *condition* :

statement

statement

more statements..

statement

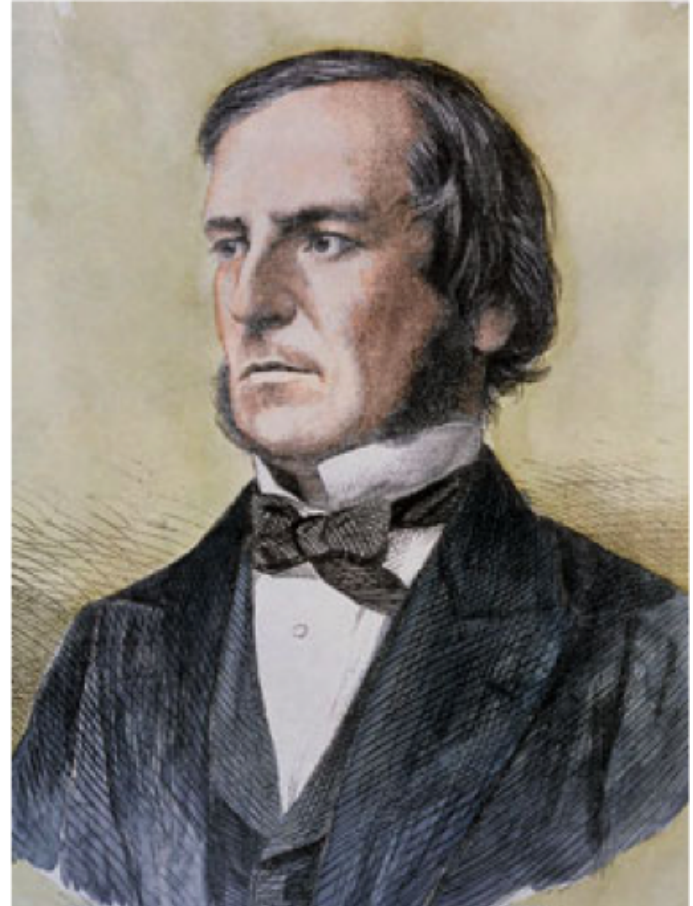
statement

more statements..

The *condition*
must be something
that is True or
False.

Boolean data type

- What is an example of an integer literal?
- A floating-point literal?
- A string literal?
- New data type: boolean




```
a = 1
```

```
b = 2
```

```
c = 3
```

```
a < b
```

```
a + 1 < b
```

```
a + 1 <= b
```

```
c == 3
```

```
a + b != 3
```

```
x = "hello"
```

```
y = "computer"
```

```
z = 141
```

```
x == "hello"
```

```
x == "Hello"
```

```
x < y
```

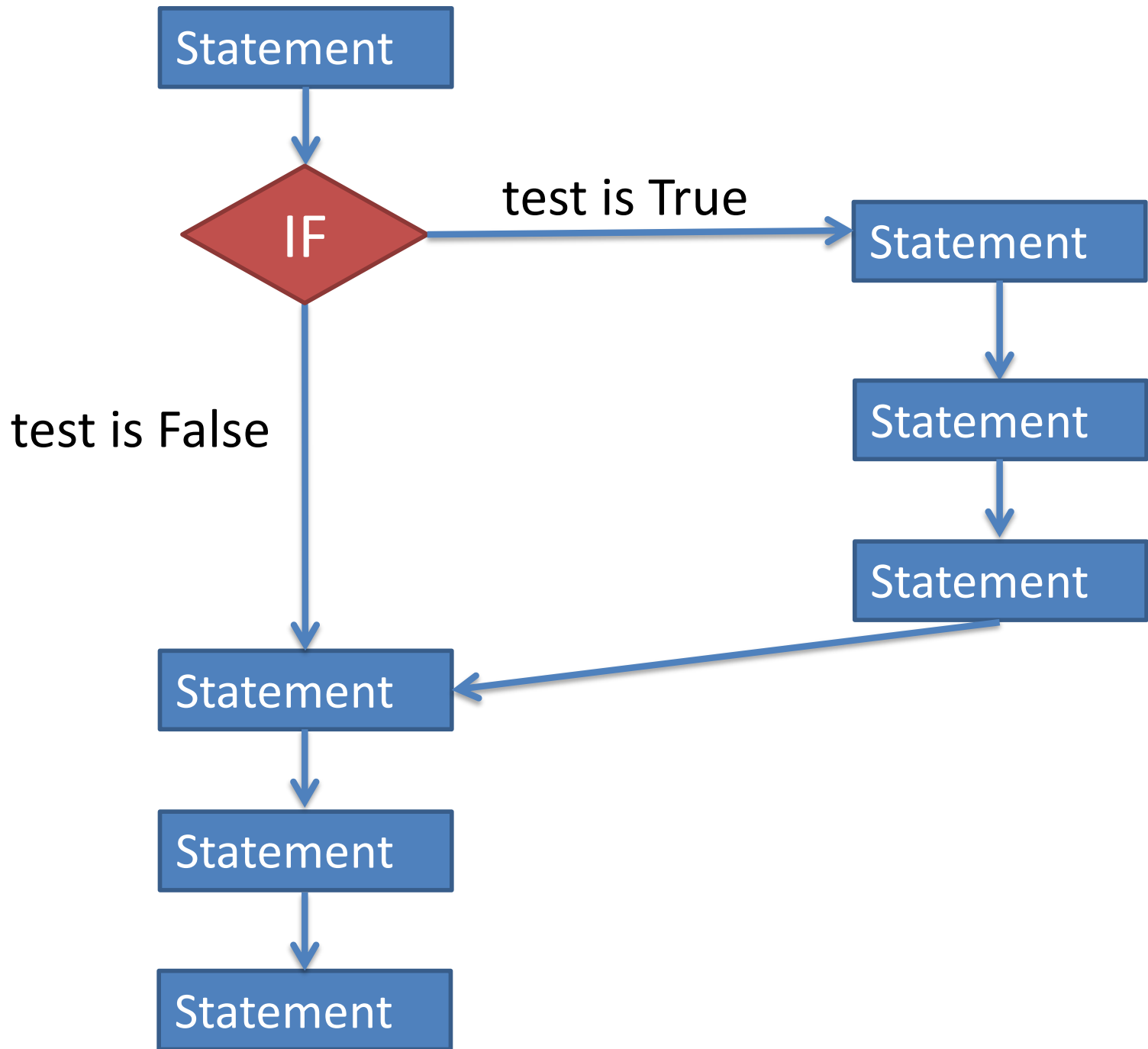
```
x < "Hello"
```

```
x < z
```

- Relational operators:

== != < <= > >=

- These operators compare two values, and give you back a Boolean value.
- Can compare ints, floats, or strings.
 - ints and floats are comparable to each other.
 - strings are only comparable to other strings.

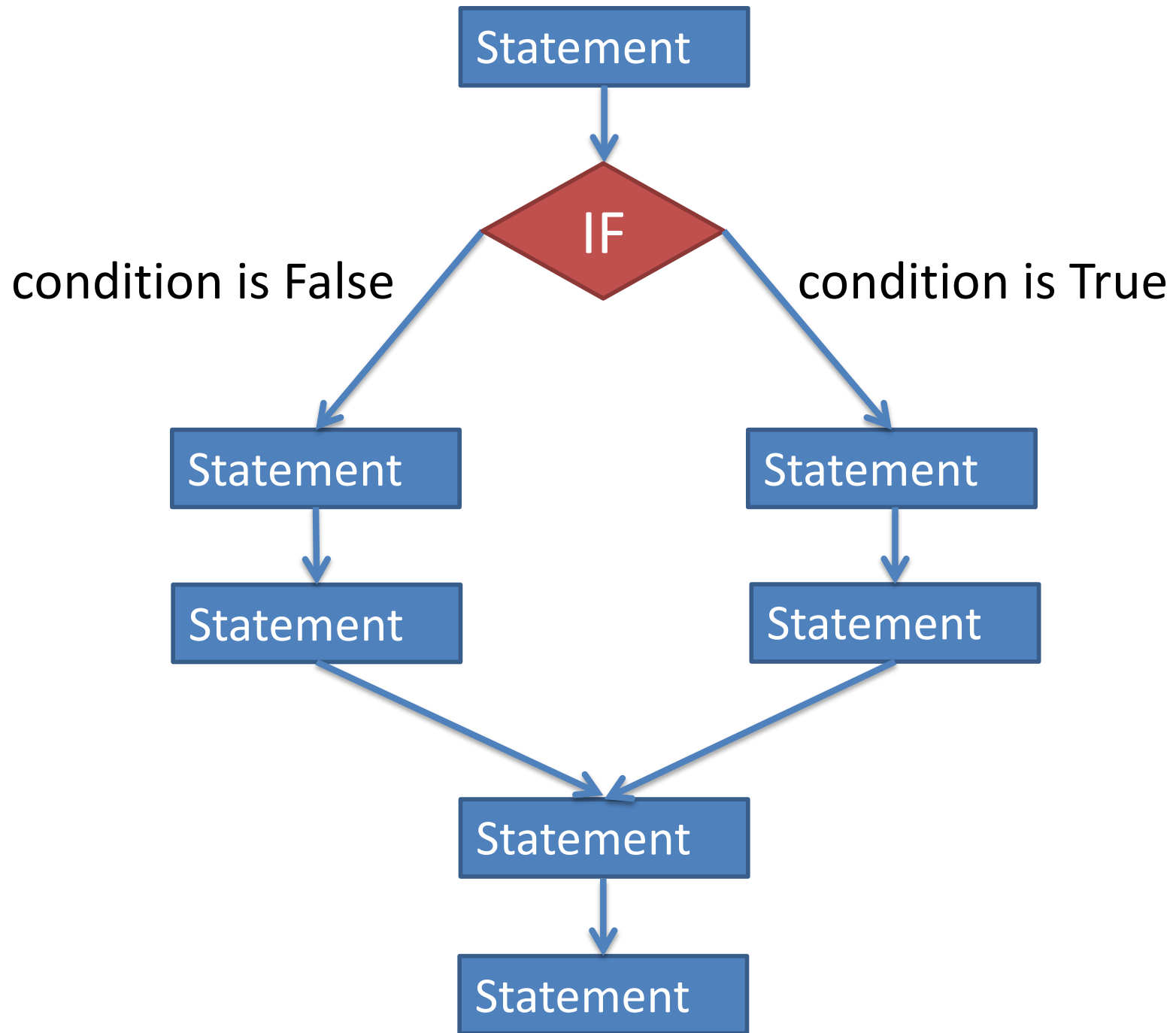


- If statement:
 - Run some extra statements if a condition is true.
- But what if you want run one set of statements if a condition is `True`, and a different set of statements if the condition is `False`?

```
if           condition           :  
    statement  
    more statements..
```

```
else:  
    statement  
    more statements..
```

```
more statements..
```



```
exam1 = int(input("What is your first exam score? "))
exam2 = int(input("What is your second exam score? "))
exam3 = int(input("What is your third exam score? "))
average = (exam1 + exam2 + exam3) / 3

choice = input("Did you do the extra assignment? ")
if choice == "yes":
    print("Your exam average is", average + 5)
else:
    print("Your exam average is", average)
```

- Write a program that asks the user to type in his or her age, and prints whether or not they are (legally) able to drink. *[use if-else]*
- Write a program that asks the user if they want to calculate the area of a square or a triangle. (The user will type in `square` or `triangle`.)
 - If they enter `square`, then ask the user for the length of a side and print the area.
 - If they enter `triangle`, then ask the user for the base and height and print the area.