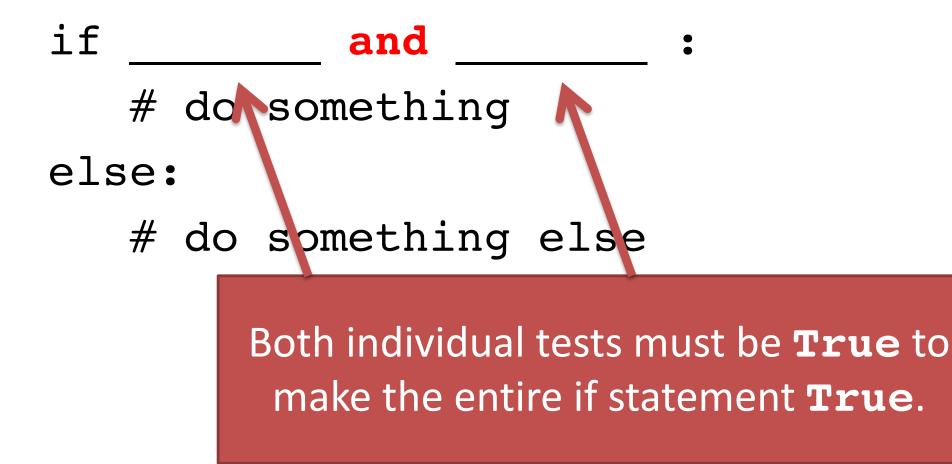
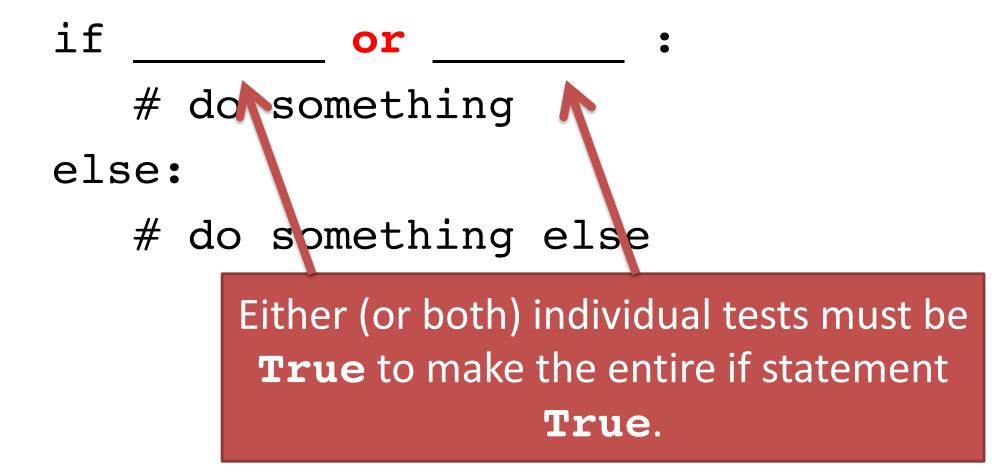
- Write a program that asks the user if they want to calculate the area of a square or a triangle. (The user will type in square or triangle.)
  - If they enter square, ask the user for the length of a side and print the area.
  - If they enter triangle, ask the user for the base and height and print the area.
- Write a program that lets the user type in two strings from the keyboard. The program will print which string comes first alphabetically. (Play around with this to figure out which sorts of strings come before other strings [i.e., letters, symbols, punctuation marks...])

## Multiple tests at once

## Multiple tests at once



## Multiple tests at once



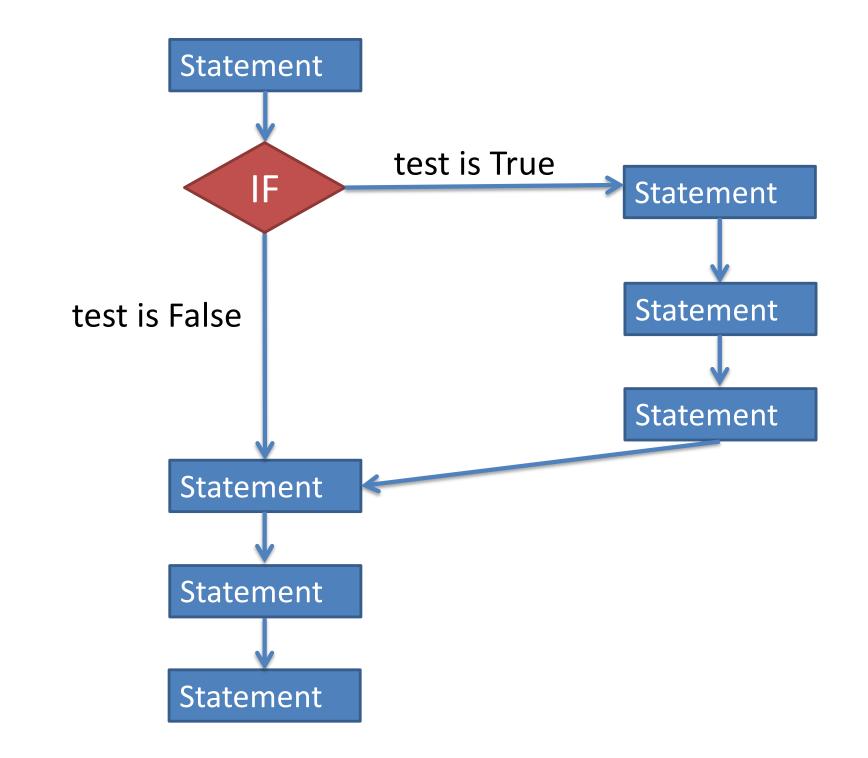
TN passes a new law that says you can't drink once you reach the age of 80.

age = int(input("What is your age? "))
if \_\_\_\_\_\_:
print("You may drink!")
else:
 print("You can't drink!")

You're writing an app that monitors the thermostat in your house and alerts you if the house temperature drops to 50 degrees or rises to 90 degrees.

temp = read temperature somehow...
if \_\_\_\_\_\_:
 # send a temperature alert here
 print("It's uncomfortable in here!")

## Comparison of if vs if-else





statement

statement

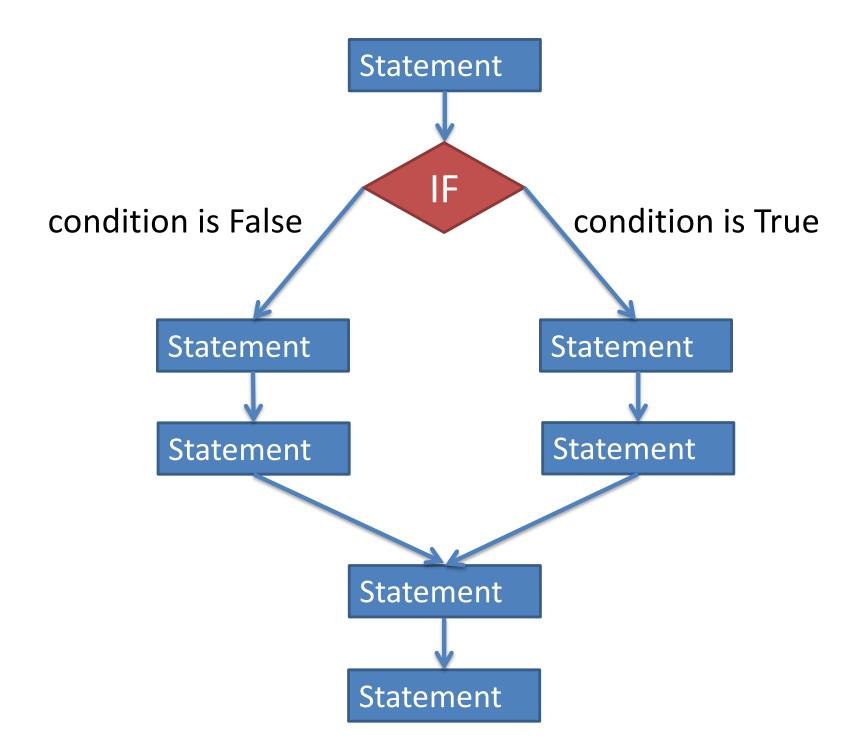
The *condition* must be something that is True or False.

more statements...

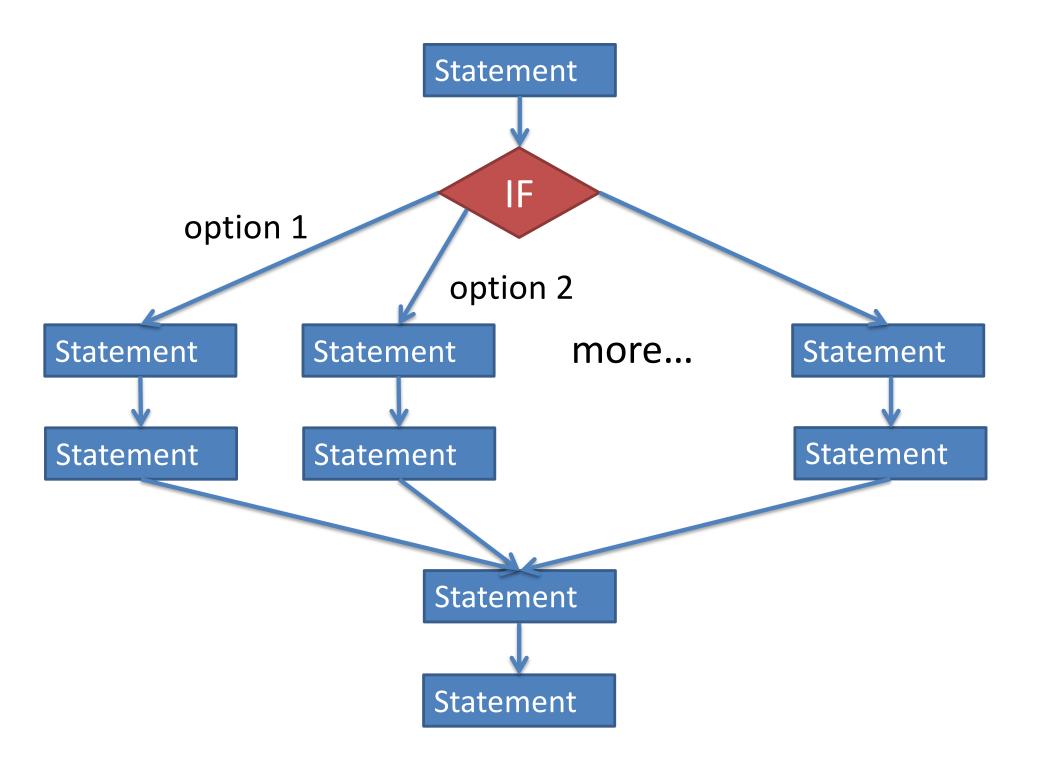
statement

statement

more statements...



if condition : statement more statements... else: statement more statements... more statements...



if condition1 statements... condition2 elif statements... condition3 elif statements... (etc)else: statements...

- Python runs each test in order, top to bottom.
- Once a test is found that is True, the corresponding statements are run, and the rest of the tests and statements are ignored.

x = 5if x < 2: print("A") elif x < 6: print("B") elif x < 10: print("C") Let's say a class has a grading scale of:

- A = 90 and above
- B = 80-89
- C = 70-79
- D = 60-69
- F = below 60

• See lab handout